



**Cyber Security Summit 2018:** 

Small & Mid-Size Business Forum

States Are Making Big Moves on Data Privacy Laws – What Does it Mean For You?



## The past: breach notification

- 10 years ago, states were focused on breach notification
- Slowly, every state caught up and required companies to provide some kind of notice when sensitive information was lost
- This trend was reactive rather than prescriptive



## The present: states are getting into the business of regulating how data is held

- 1. Massachusetts Data Privacy Rule
  - Applies to companies that process, use, maintain or have access to personal information Massachusetts resident.
  - Imposes a requirement to have a security program that meets certain standards.



#### 2. Nevada

- Applies to any corporation doing business in the state.
- Data collectors that do any business in Nevada must use encryption in certain circumstances.



#### 3. Alabama

- Businesses must protect "sensitive personally identifying information."
- The statute defines what may constitute reasonable security measures.
- Must designate an employee, do risk assessment, contract with vendors, keep management informed.



#### 4. Colorado

- Sept 1, 2018: 30-day notification.
- Companies must maintain written procedures for disposing of data and take "reasonable" steps to protect the personal data that they have and that they share.
- PI includes combinations of usernames and email addresses with passwords or security codes.



#### 5. Nebraska

- Must implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and practices to secure that data.
- Must ensure that any third-party vendors that have access to the PI contractually agree to implement appropriate security procedures and practices to protect that information.
- The failure to comply with LB757 can subject the company to enforcement by the Nebraska Attorney General.



## The future: expanding and moving towards the European model

California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA) – takes effect January 1, 2020

- "Mini GDPR."
- Reaches many consumer facing companies.
- New concept of what is sensitive information.
- Companies must "implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and practices appropriate to the nature of the information."
- Enforcement actions and possible class action lawsuits.



## How do you respond to these big moves?

#### Take reasonable steps, including:

- Have a data security program and follow your policies.
- Assign someone the job and give them authority.
- Annual risk assessment/evaluation of policies.



# How do you respond to these big moves? (con't)

- Do the basics.
- Train your employees.
- Establish relationships with vendors and a cyber security lawyer.



# How do you respond to these big moves? (con't)

- Take incident response seriously.
- Invest.







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